Date of Plan:	
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Diabetes Medical Management Plan

Effective Dates:						
This plan should be completed by the student's personal health care team and parents/guardian. It should be reviewed with relevant school staff and copies should be kept in a place that is easily accessed by the school nurse, trained diabetes personnel, and other authorized personnel.						
Student's Name:						
Date of Birth:	rth:Date of Diabetes Diagnosis:					
Grade:	Homeroom Teacher:					
Physical Condition: Diabetes type	pe 1 🖵 Diabetes type 2					
Contact Information						
Mother/Guardian:						
Address:						
Telephone: Home	Work	Cell				
Father/Guardian:						
Address:						
Telephone: Home	Work	Cell				
Student's Doctor/Health Care Providenties	ler:					
Name:						
Address:						
Telephone:	Emergency Numb	er:				
Other Emergency Contacts:	,					
Name:						
Relationship:						
Telephone: Home	Work	Cell				
Notify parents/guardian or emergend	ey contact in the following situ	nations:				

Diabetes Medical Management Plan Continued

Blood Glucose Monitoring
Target range for blood glucose is □ 70-150 □ 70-180 □ Other
Usual times to check blood glucose
Times to do extra blood glucose checks (<i>check all that apply</i>) □ before exercise □ after exercise □ when student exhibits symptoms of hyperglycemia □ when student exhibits symptoms of hypoglycemia □ other (explain):
Can student perform own blood glucose checks? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Exceptions:
Type of blood glucose meter student uses:
Insulin
Usual Lunchtime Dose Base dose of Humalog/Novolog /Regular insulin at lunch (circle type of rapid-/short-acting insulin used) is units or does flexible dosing using units/ grams carbohydrate. Use of other insulin at lunch: (circle type of insulin used): intermediate/NPH/lente units or basal/Lantus/Ultralente units.
Insulin Correction Doses Parental authorization should be obtained before administering a correction dose for high blood glucose levels. ☐ Yes ☐ No
units if blood glucose is to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is to mg/dl
Can student give own injections? ☐ Yes ☐ No Can student determine correct amount of insulin? ☐ Yes ☐ No Can student draw correct dose of insulin? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Parents are authorized to adjust the insulin dosage under the following circumstances:
For Students With Insulin Pumps
Type of pump: Basal rates: 12 am to
to
to
Type of insulin in pump:
Type of infusion set:
Insulin/carbohydrate ratio:Correction factor:

50 Helping the Student with Diabetes Succeed

Diabetes Medical Management Plan Continued

Student Pump Abilities/Sk	ills:	Needs A.	ssistance	2	
Count carbohydrates		☐ Yes	□ No		
Bolus correct amount for o		☐ Yes			
Calculate and administer of		☐ Yes			
Calculate and set basal pro Calculate and set temporar		☐ Yes ☐ Yes			
Disconnect pump	ry Dasai rate	☐ Yes			
Reconnect pump at infusion	on set	☐ Yes			
Prepare reservoir and tubin	ng	☐ Yes			
Insert infusion set	16	☐ Yes			
Troubleshoot alarms and r	nairunctions	☐ Yes	□ INO		
For Students Taking Ora	al Diabetes Medications				
Type of medication:				Timing:	
Other medications:				Timing:	
Meals and Snacks Eaten	at School				
Is student independent in o	carbohydrate calculations a	nd manag	gement?	☐Yes ☐ No	
	Time			ontent/amount	
Breakfast _	Name of the control o		**************************************		
Mid-morning snack			***************************************		
Lunch _					
Mid-afternoon snack			-	·	
Dinner _					
Snack before exercise?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Snack after exercise?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Other times to give snack	cs and content/amount:				
Foods to avoid, if any: _	taleko eksko kalon k	·			
	d is provided to the class (e				pling event):
		and the second second			
	and the second s				
Exercise and Sports					
A fast-acting carbohydra available at the site of ex					should be
Restrictions on activity, i					
-	ise if blood glucose level				
or if moderate to large ur	_	enomen een strategin VI V		6	

Diabetes Medical Management Plan Continued

Hypoglycemia (Low Blood Sugar)			
Usual symptoms of hypoglycemia:			
Treatment of hypoglycemia:			
Glucagon should be given if the student is unconsciou Route, Dosage, site for glucagon injection.	s, having a seizure (convulsion), or unable to swallow.		
If glucagon is required, administer it promptly. Then, parents/guardian.			
Hyperglycemia (High Blood Sugar)			
Usual symptoms of hyperglycemia:			
Treatment of hyperglycemia:			
Urine should be checked for ketones when blood gluco	ose levels are above mg/dl.		
Treatment for ketones:			
Supplies to be Kept at School			
Blood glucose meter, blood glucose test	Inculin numn and aumilias		
strips, batteries for meter	Insulin pump and supplies		
Lancet device, lancets, gloves, etc.	Insulin pen, pen needles, insulin cartridges		
Urine ketone strips	Fast-acting source of glucose		
Insulin vials and syringes	Carbohydrate containing snackGlucagon emergency kit		
Signatures			
This Diabetes Medical Management Plan has been	approved by:		
Student's Physician/Health Care Provider	Date		
	n and carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined by Plan. I also consent to the release of the information		
contained in this Diabetes Medical Management Plan t care of my child and who may need to know this information of the care of my child and who may need to know this information.	o all staff members and other adults who have custodial		
Acknowledged and received by:			
Student's Parent/Guardian	Date		
Student's Parent/Guardian	Date		